

Treasury Financial Manual

Transmittal Letter No. 631

Volume I

To: Heads of Government Departments, Agencies, and Others Concerned

1. Purpose

This transmittal letter releases revised I TFM 2-4200: Agency Reporting on Unexpended Balances of Appropriations and Funds (Federal Agencies' Centralized Trial-Balance System II, FMS 2108: Year-End Closing Statement). This chapter prescribes procedures for submitting yearend closing data to the Financial Management Service through the Federal Agencies' Centralized Trial-Balance System II. It applies to all departments and agencies of the executive branch and legislative and judicial agencies of the U.S. Government, including corporations subject to the Government Corporation Control Act (31 U.S.C. 9101-9109), as amended.

2. Page Changes

Remove	Insert
I TFM 2-4200 (T/L 557)	I TFM 2-4200
Table of Contents for Part 2 (T/L 623)	Table of Contents for Part 2

3. Effective Date

This transmittal letter is effective immediately.

4. Inquiries

Direct questions concerning this transmittal letter to:

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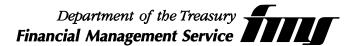
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Date: July 11, 2006

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Commissioner



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Part 2—Chapter 4200

AGENCY REPORTING ON UNEXPENDED BALANCES OF APPROPRIATIONS AND FUNDS (FEDERAL AGENCIES' CENTRALIZED TRIAL-BALANCE SYSTEM II, FMS 2108: YEAR-END CLOSING STATEMENT)

This chapter prescribes procedures for submitting yearend closing data to the Financial Management Service (FMS) through the Federal Agencies' Centralized Trial-Balance System II (FACTS II). It applies to all departments and agencies of the executive branch and legislative and judicial agencies of the U.S. Government, including corporations subject to the Government Corporation Control Act (31 U.S.C. 9101-9109), as amended. FACTS II users may find actual data entry procedures on the FACTS II Web site at www.fms.treas.gov/factsii.

Section 4210—Scope and Applicability

Agencies must report yearend accounting data electronically through FACTS II using budgetary and certain proprietary U.S. Government Standard General Ledger (USSGL) accounts.

Subsequently, FMS compiles FACTS II data and reports it to the public in the *Combined Statement of Receipts, Outlays, and Balances of the United States Government.* The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) uses FACTS II data to compile agency budget execution reports and in preparation of the President's Budget.

FACTS II formats the submitted data to output the following reports:

- FMS 2108: Year-End Closing Statement. See Appendix 1 for sample FACTS II generated FMS 2108s.
- SF 133: Report on Budget Execution.

Refer to the USSGL TFM, Section V, for the USSGL account crosswalks

for the FMS 2108 and SF 133 on the USSGL Web site at http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl.

Section 4215—Authority

The provisions of 31 U.S.C. 3513 require:

 The Secretary of the Treasury (the Secretary) to prepare reports on the financial operations of the U.S. Government;

AND

 Each executive agency to furnish the Secretary all reports and information on the agency's financial condition and operations, as required.

Section 4220—Definition of Terms

Accounts Payable—Amounts owed on the basis of invoices or evidence of receipt of goods and services, and payables for amounts owed for other than goods and services from suppliers. Included in this category are the following: accrued salaries, rents, interest payable on borrowings, refunds payable, disbursements in transit, funded accrued annual leave, and unbilled costs of contractors under the constructive delivery concept (provided the amounts are used as part of the agency's accounting system).

Borrowing Authority—A type of budget authority that permits an agency to incur obligations and make payments for specified purposes from the proceeds of borrowed funds. It may be definite or indefinite in nature (see the definitions for definite and indefinite budget authority). Borrowing authority may be one of the following types:

 Authority to borrow from the public—Authority to sell agency debt securities to the public or to other Federal agencies. Usually, the law authorizes borrowing from the Treasury, but in a few cases it authorizes borrowing directly from the public. Laws usually authorize borrowing for business-like operations, such as the Tennessee Valley Authority, which generates and sells 2-4200 VOL I

electrical power. Such laws require the program to repay the borrowing, with interest, out of business proceeds.

 Authority to borrow from Treasury—Authority to borrow funds derived from the sale of Treasury securities.

See subsection 4225.30 for FMS 2108 required criteria for indefinite and definite borrowing authority.

Cashier Fund—Imprest funds. Cash held at personal risk kept on hand by authority of the Secretary, and not deposited into Treasury's General Account, to make change and miscellaneous cash payments, and for other authorized purposes.

Cash Held Outside of the Treasury—Funds under the custodial responsibility of Federal Government agencies and/or their employees, officers, or agents that are deposited in non-Treasury general accounts. (Refer to TFM Volume I, Part 2, Chapter 3400.)

Closed Account—An account for which obligated and unobligated balances have been withdrawn and canceled.

Contract Authority—Permits an agency to incur obligations in advance of an appropriation, offsetting collections, or receipts to make outlays to liquidate the obligations. Typically, Congress provides contract authority in an authorizing statute to allow agencies to incur obligations in anticipation of the collection of receipts or offsetting collections that will be used to liquidate the obligations. See subsection 4225.25a.

Expired Account—An account for which authority to incur new obligations has expired.

Fund Equities—The value of the unobligated balance and unpaid obligations (undelivered orders and contracts, accounts payable, and other liabilities).

Fund Resources—The collective value of the undisbursed balance (by year account), investments held (at par), unfunded contract authority, borrowing authority, funds held outside the Treasury, unrealized discount,

unamortized premium and discount, and accounts receivable (reimbursements earned, refunds *only when collected*, and unfilled customer orders). Refer to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-11, Section 20-4, for more detail about budget authority.

Imprest Fund—A fixed-cash or petty-cash fund in the form of currency, coin, or Government check, that has been advanced as funds held outside of Treasury and charged to a specific appropriation account by a Government agency official to an authorized cashier for cash payments, or other cash requirements as specifically authorized.

Investments Held in Federal Securities—Investments in securities issued by Treasury or other agencies of the Federal Government.

Investments Held in Non-Federal Securities—Investments in securities other than those issued by Treasury or other agencies of the Federal Government.

Negative Balance Account—An account for which disbursements exceed the available cash balance. Except in unusual circumstances, a negative balance indicates an Anti-Deficiency Act violation.

Obligated Balance—The cumulative amount of budget authority that has been obligated but not yet outlayed. It also is known as unpaid obligations, which are made up of accounts payable and undelivered orders, for the purpose of the FMS 2108.

Open Account—An account for which the availability to incur new obligations has not expired (such as an "X" account) or for which the availability to incur new obligations has expired but 5 years have not passed since its availability period ended.

Preclosing Unexpended Balances—Balances provided by FMS's Budget Reports Division (BRD) showing transactions submitted by the administrative agencies and including balances of unfunded contract authority, borrowing authority, investments held (at par), unrealized discount, and funds

held outside the Treasury as separate line items under the account.

Reimbursements Earned—See subsection 4225.35b.

Unamortized Premium and Discount—The amount of the premium or discount (present value) of the securities minus amounts realized; the difference between the face value and the purchase amount.

Undelivered Unpaid Orders—The value of goods and services ordered and obligated but not received.

Unfilled Customer Orders—The amount of orders accepted for goods and services not yet provided or performed with or without an advance.

Unobligated Balance—The portion of budget authority that has not yet been obligated. The unobligated balance for unexpired accounts is still available for new obligations. The unobligated balance for expired accounts is not available for new obligations. However, valid obligations may be adjusted (such as, adding unrecorded obligations), and payments may be made from expired accounts.

Section 4225—Explanation of Items Presented on the FACTS II Generated FMS 2108 and Reporting Requirements

4225.10—Appropriation or Fund Symbol (FMS 2108, Column 1)

FMS provides the account symbol in column 1. Only open account symbols appear on the FMS 2108. The following fund groups are included:

- · General fund;
- Special fund;
- Consolidated working funds;
- Management funds;
- Revolving funds;
- Intragovernmental funds;
- Trust funds.

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Also, the following Other Authorization accounts are included:

Record Type	Type of Account
Inves	tments Purchased at a Discount
911	Unrealized discount
931	Unamortized premium and discount
Fund	s Held Outside the Treasury
921	Cashier Funds – Funds Held Outside the Treasury
Contr	ract Authority
941	Unfunded Contract Authority
Autho	ority To Borrow From
951	The Treasury
962	The Public
Inves	tments
971	Treasury Securities
972	Agency Securities
973	Non-Federal Securities (market value)

Note: Treasury refers to the Other Authorization accounts as "record type 7" accounts.

4225.15—Unexpended Balances (FMS 2108, Columns 2, 4, and 5)

Note: FMS 2108, Column 3, relates to unfunded contract authority and borrowing authority and, therefore, is not applicable for unexpended balances, investments, and imprest funds.

4225.15a—Preclosing Unexpended Balance (FMS 2108, Column 2)

FMS provides balances in column 2 (see the definition of preclosing unexpended balances in Section 4220). When an appropriation act uses the words "not to exceed" (or equivalent) with a specified amount, the amount of obligational authority is the lesser of:

• The sum specified in the appropriation act;

OR

 The amount of receipts actually becoming available for the purpose.

FMS includes any yearend balance of obligational authority for open accounts in the preclosing unexpended balances presented in column 2. Agencies must clear negative balances in this column before an account can be closed.

4225.15b—Unobligated and Obligated Balance Withdrawn/ Canceled (FMS 2108, Column 4)

Unobligated and obligated balances of accounts subject to withdrawal and cancellation pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1552(a) are shown in column 4. Amounts entered in column 4 are canceled. Agencies *should not* withdraw money from the following series of accounts:

- Revolving Fund Accounts (4000 series);
- Trust Fund Accounts (8000 series):
- Consolidated Working Fund Accounts (3900 series);

AND

• No-year (X) accounts.

FMS must issue a warrant to allow an agency to withdraw or cancel funds for "X" accounts. The amount canceled should result in a zero balance after processing. Submit a written request for a warrant to the Budget Control Team (see the Contacts page). The request should contain the following:

- The legislative authority for the request;
- The amount to be withdrawn/ canceled:

AND

 Verification that no disbursement has been made against the account for 2 consecutive years. After FMS issues a warrant, the fourth-quarter FACTS II submission must reflect the withdrawal or cancellation of funds for "X" accounts.

More information about cancellations is available in the USSGL Guide to Cancellations (see Appendix 2). The guide also is available on the USSGL Web site at http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl.

To completely close definite or indefinite no-year (X) accounts, refer to Section 4245.

4225.15c—Adjustments to Indefinite Accounts (FMS 2108, Column 4)

Agencies report increases and decreases for indefinite authority on the FMS 2108 in column 4. In most cases, this does not apply to credit reform program accounts for subsidy reestimates and liquidating accounts. Agencies cannot report any increases or decreases to definite authority on the FACTS II submission. If the agency is unsure whether the account had definite or indefinite authority, it should call the Budget Control Team (see the Contacts page).

FACTS II requires the reporting of the public law for increases and decreases to indefinite authority.

4225.15d—Postclosing Unexpended Balance (FMS 2108, Column 5)

The amount presented in column 5 for each appropriation or fund account is the net of amounts reported in columns 2 and 4 for that account.

4225.20—Other Authorizations – Investments, Cash Held Outside of Treasury, Imprest Funds (FMS 2108, Columns 2 and 6)

4225.20a—FMS 2108, Column 2

FMS provides the balances in column 2, and they cannot be changed. These amounts represent the balances of investments held (at par), unrealized

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discount, unamortized premium and discount, imprest funds, and cash held outside of Treasury at the end of the fiscal year and must be equal to the balances shown in column 6.

4225.20b-FMS 2108, Column 6

Column 6 represents investments held (at par), unrealized discount, unamortized premium and discount, imprest funds, and cash held outside of Treasury.

For columns 7 through 11, see subsection 4225.35.

4225.25—Other Authorizations – Unfunded Contract Authority

Agencies may have statutory authority allowing them to enter into contracts or to incur other obligations in advance of (prior to) an appropriation (or the realization of revenues) for the payment of obligations. This authority may be current or permanent, with or without fiscal year limitation, and definite or indefinite in amount. Ordinarily, contract authority is used when more than a year is expected to elapse between the time the obligation was placed and the time expenditures would begin in payment of the obligation. An agency may not make expenditures to liquidate obligations incurred by (its) contract authority until funds are specifically appropriated or otherwise become available for payment of the obligations. Refer to OMB Circular No. A-11. Sections 20-3 and 20-4 for more detail.

An agency reports contract authority based on applicable legislation and on the agency's determination of writeoffs or other adjustments made during the fiscal year. This authority may be current or permanent, definite or indefinite.

The agencies should enter the following activity for:

 Writeoffs: Amounts written off that were either rescinded by law or administratively canceled by the agency. Accounts with indefinite authority writeoff their

- unobligated balance, as referred to in column 2.
- Adjustments: An example of an adjustment is the liquidation of contract authority by use of revolving fund receipts.

4225.25a—Definite and Indefinite Unfunded Contract Authority (FMS 2108, Columns 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6)

The following criteria are required on the FMS 2108 for definite and indefinite contract authority (see Appendix 1). With the exception of column 3, column headings on the FMS 2108 are not applicable for contract authority.

- Column 2: FMS provides these balances, and they cannot be changed. These amounts represent the balance (unused portion) of contract authority at the beginning of the fiscal year.
- Column 3:
 - Definite contract authority represents the amount of new authority prescribed by law and effective during the reporting fiscal year.
 - Indefinite contract authority represents the amount of new obligations incurred in the reporting fiscal year covered by contract authority.

The law that established the new authority is a required attribute in FACTS II.

- Column 4 represents the amount of appropriations to liquidate contract authority prescribed by law and effective during the reporting fiscal year. The public law to liquidate authority is a required attribute in FACTS II.
- Column 5: Contract authority represents writeoffs or adjustments.
 - For definite contract authority, report amounts written off that were rescinded by law or

- administratively canceled by the agency. If the law rescinds the authorization, the statutory citation is a required attribute in FACTS II.
- indefinite - For contact authority, report amounts written off or administratively canceled by the agency. Other adjustments to report include liquidation of contract authority by use of revolving fund receipts and writeoff/ reduction of obligated balances from column 2. Provide an explanation of the adjustment in the footnote.
- Column 6 represents the balance of unfunded contract authority at the fiscal yearend. These amounts represent the balance of authority outstanding for which appropriations have not been made.
- Columns 7 through 11, see subsection 4225.35.

4225.30—Other Authorizations – Definite and Indefinite Borrowing Authority (FMS 2108, Columns 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6)

The following criteria are required on the FMS 2108 for the definite and indefinite borrowing authority accounts (see Appendix 1). With the exception of column 3, the column headings on the FMS 2108 are not applicable for borrowing authority.

- Column 2: FMS provides these balances, and they cannot be changed.
 - For definite borrowing authority, these amounts represent the balance of unused borrowing authority provided by law at the beginning of the fiscal year.
 - For indefinite borrowing authority, these amounts are equal to the unpaid obligations covered by borrowing authority at the beginning of the fiscal year.

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• Column 3:

- Definite borrowing authority represents the amounts provided in new legislation that increased or rescinded the borrowing authority previously set by law. The amounts equal either new budget authority or a reduction in budget authority.
- Indefinite borrowing authority represents the amount of additional borrowing authority equal to obligations recorded during the fiscal year against borrowing authority. Agencies should report this as a gross amount, not adjusted by amounts in column 5. The amounts represent an increase to an agency's borrowing authority.

Column 4:

- Definite borrowing authority represents the amounts of any borrowings made during the fiscal year that will reduce the legislative limit.
- Indefinite borrowing authority represents the amount of actual borrowings (gross) the agency made during the fiscal year to liquidate those obligations reported in columns 2 and 3.
 These borrowings decrease an agency's borrowing authority.
- Column 5, for indefinite borrowing authority only, represents reductions of borrowing authority when fund resources other than borrowings were used or are available to liquidate or cover unpaid obligations reported in columns 2 or 3.

Column 6:

For definite borrowing authority, represents the unused borrowing authority provided by law at the close of the fiscal year. Column 2 plus (+) or minus (-) column 3 minus (-) column 4 should

- cross-foot to the summary total in column 6.
- For indefinite borrowing authority, represents the balance of borrowing authority, which is the amount equal to those unpaid obligations covered by borrowing authority at the close of the fiscal year. Column 2 plus (+) column 3 minus (-) column 4 minus (-) column 5 should cross-foot to the summary total in column 6.
- Columns 7 through 11, see subsection 4225.35.

4225.35—FMS 2108, Columns 7 through 11

Columns 7 through 11 represent the following:

- Reimbursements earned;
- Unfilled customer orders;
- Undelivered orders and contracts:
- Accounts payable;

AND

Unobligated balance.

A combined total for the amounts in these columns is displayed on the main account line and includes the total for the main account plus the other authorization accounts (see Appendix 1 for sample FMS 2108s).

4225.35a—Receivables (FMS 2108, Columns 7 and 8)

Columns 7 and 8 include current accounts receivable and unfilled customer orders that have not been accompanied by an advance. Exclude any receivable from the public, except when a provision of law specifies that such orders may be used as budget authority. Reimbursements earned and unfilled customer orders (for definitions, see Section 4220) are entered in columns 7 and 8, respectively. Agencies should explain in a footnote why the balance has negative amounts reported in these columns.

4225.35b—Reimbursements Earned But Not Collected (FMS 2108, Column 7)

Reimbursements earned (column 7) include current accounts and notes receivables (not included in loans receivables) arising from the sale of goods and services during the period (whether or not billed) resulting from transactions with other Government recorded agencies that obligations. Examples include interest earned, accrued rent, and certain anticipated collections under special authority of law. Deferred charges and long-term receivables, such as loans receivables, receivables from credit sales, and receivables from the public, are not considered reimbursements earned

Except under special authority, agencies must receive payment before performing reimbursable services for the public. Therefore, receivables from the public are never considered as a source of financing for reimbursable disbursements, since the public must pay for reimbursable work "up front."

When an agency receives payment from the public or Federal agencies before performing services, it reports the transaction on the FMS 2108 in the preclosing unexpended balance via monthly transaction reporting. Also, when an agency receives payment from another Government account to finance a reimbursable agreement, it reports the transaction (the payment received) in the preclosing unexpended balance via monthly transaction reporting. *Do not* report a receipt balance; otherwise, fund resources will be overstated.

Refunds include all amounts receivable from prior overpayment amounts due from travel advances and other advances that did not liquidate specific obligations. Refunds also include all or portions of advances made to revolving or management funds to the specified by statutory requirements. However, advances to consolidated working funds excluded. Agencies should not report refunds, as with other receivables, on the

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FMS 2108 unless the refunds are from another Government agency.

If the balance for column 7 is negative, agencies must footnote the negative amount in FACTS II.

4225.35c—Unfilled Customer Orders (FMS 2108, Column 8)

An unfilled customer order exists (column 8) with other Government accounts when an agency has not received an advance, since a valid obligation exists with the ordering account. If an agency accepts an order without an advance, which can only be the case with other Government accounts, the agency does report the transaction as "accounts receivable unfilled customer order" on the FMS 2108. However, the agency must not disburse fund balances into a negative position on the basis of this receivable.

Unfilled customer orders do not exist for orders placed by the public, since agencies must receive advances with the orders for goods or services from the public. If an agency does receive an advance with the order for goods or services (as with the public), it reports the transaction through FACTS II in the preclosing unexpended balance via monthly transaction reporting. Do not report an "accounts receivable – unfilled customer order"; otherwise, fund resources will be overstated.

If the balance for column 8 is negative, agencies must footnote the negative amount in FACTS II.

4225.35d—Undelivered Orders and Contracts (FMS 2108, Column 9)

Unpaid obligations must represent valid obligations supported by documentary evidence to conform with Section 1311 of Public Law 83-663 (68 Stat. 830). Column 9 represents the amount of orders for goods and services remaining unfilled at fiscal yearend for which the liability has not yet accrued (for definitions, see Section 4220).

When the ordering or customer agency has not received, by September

30th, goods or services for which it has placed an order, the agency must report future payment of funds as a valid obligation on the FMS 2108.

If the balance for column 9 is negative, agencies must footnote the negative amount in FACTS II.

4225.35e—Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities (FMS 2108, Column 10)

Column 10 represents the liabilities for goods and services received and other liabilities incurred, not involving the furnishing of goods and services, as of the end of the fiscal year (for definitions, see Section 4220). Exclude advances received with orders for goods and services.

If the balance for column 10 is negative, agencies must footnote the negative amount in FACTS II.

4225.35f—Unobligated Balance (FMS 2108, Column 11)

Amounts presented in column 11 normally are unobligated balances. Unobligated balances of no-year and multiyear accounts for which authority to obligate has not expired are available for obligation. Unobligated funds of an expired fiscal year account are not available for new obligations but may be used for payments of adjusted obligations. Agencies must footnote negative amounts. Include in the the cause footnote and intended resolution. The total amount of receivables shown for the ensuing fiscal year appropriation account in columns 7 and 8 is included here as available to be carried forward into that account.

If the balance for column 11 is negative, agencies must footnote the negative amount in FACTS II.

4225.40—Footnotes

FACTS II prompts agencies to enter footnotes (see Appendix 1, page 5) when required. Agencies post footnotes on the FMS 2108.

Section 4230—Reporting Requirements for Extended Authority To Liquidate Obligations

Extended authority to liquidate obligations may be granted through specific legislation that allows the obligated balance for an annual year or multivear account to remain on the books and be available for disbursement purposes only for a specified number of years. Agencies must notify the Budget Control Team (see the Contacts page) in writing of the specific legislation for the account to remain on Treasury's books. Agencies must certify the obligated balances and required attributes and must footnote the FMS 2108, citing the appropriate law and date of approval. They must submit the request by the first business day of the fiscal year and must cancel any unobligated portion of the account balance.

Section 4235—Cashier Fund Balances, Negative Balance Accounts, and Unamortized Premiums and Discounts

4235.10—Cashier Fund Balances

Agencies cannot withdraw/cancel cashier fund balances or transfer them to another fiscal year account through FACTS II reporting. They may record withdrawals and cancellations only on the main account symbol. Agencies must close out cashier fund balances from one fiscal year account and must reestablish these balances in a new fiscal year account as a monthly transaction.

4235.20—Negative Balance Account

FMS conducts an analysis of the FACTS II generated FMS 2108 annually to ascertain the status of appropriation and fund balances. Agencies with negative balance accounts must provide information identifying the expected financing of the overdisbursement or whether an Anti-Deficiency Act violation exists.

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An overdisbursement of a fund (cash) balance may be funded by special financing authority or the receipt of outstanding receivables. The agency also must cite the portion of the U.S. Code that allows it to disburse against receivables from the public or must disclose that the negative balance is related to erroneous charges from other Federal parties and must cite the information from the system used, for example, the Intra-Governmental Payment and Collection (IPAC) System.

4235.30—Unamortized Premiums and Discounts

Unamortized premium and discount reporting is limited to agencies that issue securities under special financing authority or that are required by OMB to report amortization as a budgetary resource. The premium or discount is amortized over the life of the securities and the amortization is reported on the agency's monthly statement of transactions.

Section 4240—Investments in Treasury Securities or Agency Securities and Unrealized Discount

For further information on investments in Treasury securities or agency securities and unrealized discount reported on the FMS 2108, see TFM Volume I, Part 2, Chapter 4300.

See Appendix 1 for an example of the FACTS II generated FMS 2108 for investments/unrealized discounts.

Section 4245—Closed Accounts

Pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1555, agencies must close accounts with fiscal year designations as of September 30th of the fifth fiscal year after the availability period to incur new obligations ends.

Agencies close annual year accounts via an FMS 2108.

Agencies close no-year (X) accounts under the following conditions:

 The head of the agency or the President determines the purposes for which the appropriation was made have been carried out;

AND

 No disbursement has been made against the appropriation for 2 consecutive years.

Canceled appropriation account balances are not available for obligation expenditure for any purpose. Treasury However, accepts supplemental statement of transactions to adjust closed account balances in cases where payments for valid obligations were made before account closings, but the payments were incorrectly classified to a current account or reported to a suspense or clearing account. Agencies must submit adjustment reporting within 6 months after the end of the subject fiscal year to receive consideration. They may charge all other unliquidated obligations for a closed account to a current appropriation established for the same general purpose. Refer to OMB Circular No. A-11, Section 130-14. Cumulative payment(s) from current funds to liquidate canceled obligations may not exceed 1 percent of the current appropriation or cause cumulative outlays to exceed the unexpended balance of the original appropriation.

Agencies must deposit collections received after an account has been closed in miscellaneous receipt account 3200. See the *Federal Account Symbols and Titles (FAST) Book*, a supplement to the TFM, at http://www.fms.treas.gov/fastbook.

On the fourth-quarter FACTS II submission, before an account will be closed, agencies must present all unobligated and obligated balances, including receivables and payables, as canceled. For further accounting guidance, refer to the USSGL TFM, Section III, Account Transactions, Part F, Yearend Pre-Closing and Closing Entries on the USSGL Web site at http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl.

Section 4250—Reporting Requirements

4250.10—Reporting Responsibilities

FMS 2108 is available in FACTS II It shows the preclosing unexpended balances of appropriation and fund accounts and balances of unfunded contract authority, borrowing authority, investments held (at par), unrealized discount, unamortized premium and discount, and funds held outside Treasury. Transactions to support the unexpended balance are provided to agencies through the monthly Governmentwide Accounting (GWA) Account Statement Application at http://www.gwa.gov. The annual Yearend Closing bulletin includes a schedule of reporting due dates.

Agencies must transmit electronically, through FACTS II, preclosing Adjusted Trial-Balances (ATBs) at the Treasury appropriation/fund symbol level using budgetary and certain proprietary USSGL accounts (see the USSGL Web site at www.fms.treas.gov/usggl). They should not round balances but should report the balances in complete amounts, including cents. Either the parent or the receiving entity, but not both, may report transfer appropriation accounts under the control of a receiving entity through FACTS II. Agencies determine whether the parent or receiving entity report. If the parent agency certifies the transfer appropriation accounts, then spending agency must report the status of transfer appropriation accounts to the parent agency in time to be included in the parent agency's FACTS submission. Transfer appropriation account funds should be returned to the parent/advancing account for disposition before yearend for accounts that must close.

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4250.20—Agreement of Figures

Both the TFM and OMB Circular No. A-11 require data agreement.

FACTS II replaces the need to submit separate reports to Treasury and OMB, since the output of FACTS II results in the ability to print both the FMS 2108 and the SF 133 reports from one set of budgetary data. While eliminating duplicate reporting, FACTS II also improves the consistency of data reported Governmentwide.

Agencies should review carefully their procedures for identifying and classifying available special and trust fund receipts to prevent these receipts from being classified as appropriation reimbursements. They also must ensure that the budget schedules and Treasury reports are in agreement with these items.

4250.30—Verification and Adjustment of Reports by Agencies

Treasury provides preclosing unexpended balances through the FACTS II application. BRD requests that agencies log on to FACTS II and verify their Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbols (TAFS) accounts. Agencies should call BRD for assistance if they:

- Have not received all of their accounts;
- Have received accounts not belonging to them;

OR

Have balance discrepancies.

See Appendix 3 for the proof formula for individual line items of unexpended balances for appropriations and funds.

The preclosing unexpended balances provided through the FACTS II application agree with the ending balances shown on the GWA Account Statement for September. The preclosing balances cannot be changed in FACTS II. Agencies should verify reported data immediately to assure that appropriations of fund symbols and preclosing

unexpended balances presented in FACTS II agree. If the appropriation of fund symbols and preclosing unexpended balances do not agree, an agency should immediately contact BRD and, with BRD's approval, should coordinate the necessary resolution. Also, if an agency detects a reporting error after submitting the report, it should contact FMS for assistance.

If an agency discovers discrepancies when reviewing yearend balances in FACTS II, it should contact BRD to request adjustments. BRD instructs agencies to submit paper copies of adjustments affecting the following reports:

- FMS 224: Statement of Transactions (Classified According to Appropriation, Fund and Receipt Account; and Related Control Totals);
- FMS 1219/1220: Statement of Accountability and Transactions;
- SF 1218/1221: Statement of Accountability and Transactions (Foreign Service Account).

For adjustments affecting FMS 1151: Nonexpenditure Transfer Authorization, BRD instructs agencies to submit their adjusted transactions through the GWA System Authority Transaction Module (ATM).

Agencies should retain copies of all adjusted transactions reported for FMS 224, FMS 1219/1220, SF 1218/1221, and FMS 1151 reports.

BRD reserves the right to review and determine if it will accept adjustments based on established criteria. If BRD accepts and approves the proposed adjustment, the adjustment subsequently released to the STAR System, which then updates preclosing balances immediately. BRD accepts requests for adjustments for inclusion in the publication of the Combined Statement of Receipts, Outlays, and of the United States Balances Government (see the Yearend Closing bulletin for specific timeframes). Once the adjustments have been processed. BRD notifies agencies that they may proceed to complete and submit their

FACTS II data. In early December, agencies can access their final September data through the GWA Account Statement Application.

Note

- After TAFS data are complete and pass all edits, change the status of each TAFS to pending for certification.
- Agencies having TAFS with a zero undisbursed balance also must submit an FMS 2108 via FACTS II.

4250.40—Certification of Reports

For fourth-quarter (yearend) FACTS submission. Treasury requires certification by the agency's Chief Financial Officer (CFO), or authorized designee, for all accounts, including those with a zero balance. The FMS Enterprise Security Branch assigns SecurID cards to the certifying official. This SecurID card, with the unique logon ID and password, functions as, or replaces, the signature. If the person representing the certifying official has changed, the new designee must obtain a new SecurID card, logon ID, and password. Treasury does not require that agencies certify FACTS II submissions for the first, second, or third quarter.

The certification reads as follows:

"Pursuant to the authority vested in me, I transmitted to the Financial Management Service of the Department of the Treasury, by electronic means, my certification that the obligation balances in each appropriation account of the agency reflect proper existing obligations, and that expenditures from the account since the preceding review were supported by a proper obligation of funds and otherwise meet the criteria of 31 U.S.C. 1501(A). In doing so, I submit my electronic certification."

Agencies must maintain an up-todate contact profile in FACTS II. VOL I 2-4200

4250.50—Submission of Reports

FMS requires that agencies report annually according to the schedule of reporting dates furnished in the annual Yearend Closing bulletin. It is essential that agencies meet the scheduled dates so that BRD can submit the Combined Statement of Receipts, Outlays, and Balances of the United States Government to the FMS Commissioner and OMB within the deadlines supported by law. If agencies can bring their records into agreement earlier than the final submission date, they should report through FACTS II at that time. FMS requests agency cooperation coordinating processing of data between budget and accounting staffs to ensure timely and accurate submissions of related data to FMS and OMB. Timely submission of data permits FMS and OMB to schedule the preparation and reconciliation of material needed for their respective annual publications.

Section 4255—Accessing FACTS II

Any user requesting access to FACTS II must submit a GOALS II ESAAS request form to obtain a SecurID card, logon ID, and password. Users can download the ESAAS request form from the GOALS II Web site at http://www.fms.treas.gov/goals. On the ESAAS request form, select a FACTS II role. The FACTS II roles include:

 Preparers—Input FACTS II data, ensure the data passes edits, and change data status; Certifiers—Reject or approve data and certify the fourth-quarter submission, only;

AND

 Headquarters reviewers—View the data of all TAFS within a department.

BRD establishes FACTS II role assignments. It assigns TAFS to preparers and preparers to certifiers and headquarters reviewers.

Agencies fax the completed ESAAS request form to the Cash Accounting Division (see the Contacts page). Processing the access request form and mailing the card require significant leadtime; therefore, request a SecurID card, logon ID, and password for all users as soon as possible. Contact BRD for further questions or followup (see the Contacts page).

Users requesting to switch FACTS II roles contact BRD for approval and submit an ESAAS request form for processing. Users transferring to a different agency notify BRD and submit an ESAAS request form to update their SecurID card and ID profile.

If a user misplaces or forgets the logon ID or password, he or she should contact the FMS Help Desk to request resetting of the ID or password (see the Contacts page). Report lost or stolen SecurID cards to the Data Access Control Division (see the Contacts page) and complete an ESAAS request form for revocation of the lost card and reissue of a replacement card.

To return any SecurID card or revoke FACTS II access, send the card

with a letter from management requesting revocation of the access to the Data Access Control Division (see the Contacts page).

Section 4260—Instructions for Reporting Yearend Closing Data via FACTS II

For specific guidance on reporting via FACTS II, see the FACTS II Web site at http://www.fms.treas.gov/factsii. For assistance in logging on and navigating through the FACTS II application, click on the link to the FACTS II Client Online User's Guide or FACTS II Client Bulk Program.

For crosswalks to standard external reports (FMS 2108 and SF 133), refer to the USSGL TFM, Section V. USSGL TFM, Section IV, provides the most recent list of USSGL attributes used on the budgetary reports. See the USSGL Web site at http://www.fins.treas.gov/ussgl.

Refer dial-up and logon questions to the FMS Help Desk (see the Contacts page). Refer questions on the FACTS II application, such as edit checks and TAFS, to BRD (see the Contacts page).

Maintain up-to-date information on the FACTS II Contact Information profile, such as telephone numbers and e-mail addresses. Access the Contact Information dialogue box through the FACTS II online application under the File menu of the toolbar. 2-4200 VOL I

Contacts

Direct inquiries concerning this chapter to:

Budget Reports Division
Financial and Budget Reports Directorate
Governmentwide Accounting
Financial Management Service
Department of the Treasury
3700 East-West Highway, Room 518D
Hyattsville, MD 20782
Telephone: 202-874-9890

Submit requests to issue a warrant to close a no-year (X) account in writing to:

Budget Control Team
Budget Reports Division
Financial and Budget Reports Directorate
Governmentwide Accounting
Financial Management Service
3700 East-West Highway, Room 518D
Hyattsville, MD 20782
Telephone: 202-874-9950

To submit requests for FACTS II access or changes, send the ESAAS request form to:

Cash Accounting Division
Cash Accounting and Reporting Directorate
Governmentwide Accounting
Financial Management Service
3700 East-West Highway, Room 500E
Hyattsville, MD 20782
Telephone: 202-874-8270
Fax: 202-874-6170

To request resetting of the FACTS II ID or password, contact the FMS Help Desk at 202-874-4357.

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To return any SecurID card or revoke FACTS II access, send the card with a letter from management requesting revocation of the access to:

Data Access Control Division IT Security Operations Directorate Information Resources Financial Management Service 3700 East-West Highway, Room 269 Hyattsville, MD 20782 Telephone: 202-874-4357 2-4200 VOL I

Appendices Listing

App. No.	Form	Title
1	FMS 2108	Sample FACTS II Generated FMS 2108s
2		USSGL Guide to Cancellations
3	FMS 2108	Proof Formula for Individual Line Items

Quarter: 4 Year: 2004 FMS Form 2108

	TDE ACTION TO I	AL DALANCE	BORROW/ CONTRACT			FUND RES	OURCES			STATUS OF RESOUR	RCES
	TREASURY TRIAL BALANCE		AUTHORITY	Unobligated and			RECEIV	ABLES	UNPAID OF	RLIGATIONS	
	Appropriation or Fund Symbol	Preclosing Unexpended Bal.	Increases and	Obligated Bal. Withdrawn/	Postclosing Unexpended Bal.	Other Authorizations	Reimbursements Earned and	Unfilled Customer	Undelivered Orders and	Accounts Payable and Other	Unobligated Balance
	an an	(2) (Code 00)	Rescissions (3)	Canceled (4)	(5)	ക്ര	Refunds (7) (Code 77)	Orders (8) (Code 78)	Contracts (9) (Code 49)	Liabilities (10) (Code 40)	(11) (Code 41)
20	X 0117 000 00	0 0									
Rep	Reported On 12,003,123.86			12,003,123.86		<u> </u>		I	7,000,000.00	I	5,003,123.86
11/8	3/2004 12:51:20										
Sub	Total:	12,003,123.86	0.00	0.00	12,003,123.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,000,000.00	0.00	5,003,123.86
Tota	I Dept:	12,003,123.86	0.00	0.00	12,003,123.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,000,000.00	0.00	5,003,123.86

REGULAR FMS 2108

Certifier Info:

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Quarter: 3

Year: 2005

8/18/2005

FMS Form 2108

TREASURY TRIAI	L BALANCE	BORROW/ CONTRACT			FUND RESC	DURCES			STATUS OF RESOURCE	TES
Appropriation or Fund Symbol	Preclosing Unexpended Bal. (2) (Code 00)	Increases and Rescissions (3)	Unobligated and Obligated Bal. Withdrawn/ Canceled (4)	Postclosing Unexpended Bal.	Other Authorizations	Reimbursements Earned and Refunds (7) (Code 77)	Unfilled Customer Orders (8) (Code 78)	UNPAID OR Undelivered Orders and Contracts (9) (Code 49)	Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities (10) (Code 40)	Unobligated Balance (11) (Code 41)
20 X 4088 000 000	0									
Certified 7/20/2005 16:29:52	2,135,156.71			2,135,156.71		2,441,282.32		7,067,648.00	1,512,530.11	4,210,676.41
20 X 4088 000 000	0 951	·	·	·	·			·	·	
Certified 7/20/2005 16:29:52	5,375,292.00	2,868,072.00	2,217,345.00		6,026,019.00					
Sub Total:	7,510,448.71	2,868,072.00	2,217,345.00	2,135,156.71	6,026,019.00	2,441,282.32	0.00	7,067,648.00	1,512,530.11	4,210,676.41
Total Dept:	7,510,448.71	2,868,072.00	2,217,345.00	2,135,156.71	6,026,019.00	2,441,282.32	0.00	7,067,648.00	1,512,530.11	4,210,676.41

BORROWING AUTHORITY (INDEFINITE)

Certifier Info:

Page 1 of 1

Quarter: 4

Year: 2004

9/19/200

FMS Form 2108

	1	BORROW/	ı				1				
TREASURY TRIA	AL BALANCE	CONTRACT			FUND RESC		STATUS OF RESOURCES				
		AUTHORITY	Unobligated and			RECEIVA	RECEIVABLES		UNPAID ORLIGATIONS		
Appropriation or	Preclosing	Increases	Obligated Bal.	Postclosing	Other	Reimbursements	Unfilled	Undelivered	Accounts Payable	Unobligated	
Fund Symbol	Unexpended Bal.	and	Withdrawn/	Unexpended Bal.	Authorizations	Earned and	Customer	Orders and	and Other	Balance	
w.	(2) (Code 00)	Rescissions (3)	Canceled (4)	(5)	ക	Refunds (7) (Code 77)	Orders (8) (Code 78)	Contracts (9) (Code 49)	Liabilities (10) (Code 40)	(11) (Code 41)	
20 X 5697 000 00	0 0										
Reported On 11/4/2004 09:17:36	146,526,809.91			146,526,809.91				89,449,940.32	86,932,644.99	95,778,290.32	
20 X 5697 000 00	0 0 911	,		·	,	·	·		·		
Reported On 11/4/2004 09:17:36	-185,934.28				-185,934.28						
20 X 5697 000 00	0 0 971	,		•	,	'					
Reported On	125,820,000.00				125,820,000.00						
11/4/2004 09:17:36											
Sub Total:	272,160,875.63	0.00	0.00	146,526,809.91	125,634,065.72	0.00	0.00	89,449,940.32	86,932,644.99	95,778,290.32	
Total Dept:	272,160,875.63	0.00	0.00	146,526,809.91	125,634,065.72	0.00	0.00	89,449,940.32	86,932,644.99	95,778,290.32	

INVESTMENT/DISCOUNT (UNREALIZED)

Certifier Info:

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Quarter: 4

Year: 2004

FMS Form 2108 8/18/2005

	1	BORROW/					ı			
TREASURY TRIAL	I. RALANCE	CONTRACT			FUND RESC	URCES	STATUS OF RESOURCES			
	BILLINEE	AUTHORITY	Unobligated and			RECEIV	ABLES	UNPAID OB	LIGATIONS	
Appropriation or	Preclosing	Increases	Obligated Bal.	Postclosing	Other	Reimbursements	Unfilled	Undelivered	Accounts Payable	Unobligated
Fund Symbol	Unexpended Bal.	and	Withdrawn/	Unexpended Bal.	Authorizations	Earned and	Customer	Orders and	and Other	Balance
(I)	(2) (Code 00)	Rescissions (3)	Canceled (4)	(5)	(6)	Refunds (7) (Code 77)	Orders (8) (Code 78)	Contracts (9) (Code 49)	Liabilities (10) (Code 40)	(11) (Code 41)
86 X 4058 000 000	0									
Reported On	28,152,924.05		l I	28,152,924.05	1		l l	55,095,772.34		1
11/1/2004 14:21:21										1
86 X 4058 000 000	0 941									
Reported On	36,942,848.29		-10,000,000.00		26,942,848.29					1
11/1/2004 14:21:21			< 1 and 2>	< 3 and 4>	< 5 and 6>					<u> </u>
Sub Total:	65,095,772.34	0.00	-10,000,000.00	28,152,924.05	26,942,848.29	0.00	0.00	55,095,772.34	0.00	0.00
Total Dept:	65,095,772.34	0.00	-10,000,000.00	28,152,924.05	26,942,848.29	0.00	0.00	55,095,772.34	0.00	0.00

CONTRACT AUTHORITY (DEFINITE OR INDEFINITE)

Certifier Info:

Page 1 of 2

Quarter: 4 FMS Form 2108
Year: 2004 8/18/2005

Footnote

1 X 4135 TREASURY WARRANT NUMBER WT096710 - PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 98-371.

- 2 X 4135 TREASURY WARRANT NUMBER WT096710 PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 98-371.
- 3 X 4135 TREASURY WARRANT NUMBER WT096710 PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 98-371.
- 4 X 4135 TREASURY WARRANT NUMBER WT096710 PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 98-371.
- 5 X 4135 TREASURY WARRANT NUMBER WT096710 PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 98-371.
- 6 X 4135 TREASURY WARRANT NUMBER WT096710 PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 98-371.

Certifier Info:

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USSGL Guide to Cancellations

Overview

Agency Question:

I have an upcoming cancellation that will need to be recorded on the books. What is the proper USSGL accounting treatment?

USSGL Response:

- Li is dependent upon many factors, including the following:
 - o To what type of Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol (TAFS) does this apply (general fund, special fund)?
 - What event is causing this situation (end of 5th year cancellation, partial cancellation)?
 - What is the period of availability of the TAFS (fiscal year, X-year)?
 - o Is this TAFS flagged by Treasury as definite or indefinite?
 - Where is the canceled fund balance to be returned?
 - o By what Treasury mechanism is the processing of the cancellation to be accomplished (via warrant, via FMS 2108)?
- ♣ The answers to those questions, along with specific Treasury and OMB reporting guidance, will determine, in most cases, the proper budgetary USSGL account that is applicable.

References

- **★** TFM Volume 1, Yearend Closing Bulletin (as updated)
- **↓** TFM Volume 1, Part 2, Chapter 2000: Warrant and Nonexpenditure Transfer (NET) Transactions (T/L 621)
- ♣ OMB Circular No. A-11 (2005), Section 20 (as updated)

Note: Situation Nos. 1-5 typically apply to cancellations of general fund resources, where the fund balance is returned to the General Fund of the Treasury.

	Situation	Period of Availability ¹	TAFS Status	USSGL Account	Definite/ Indefinite	Treasury Mechanism	STAR TC	FMS 2108 Column	TCS ² Column	SF 133 Line	P&F Line(s)	Notes
1	End of 5 th expired year cancellation	FY	Expired	4350	Definite	2108	TC 31	Col. 4	Col. 5	6A	N/A	P&F is not applicable because the TAFS has expired and goes back to the General Fund of the Treasury.
2	End of 5 th expired year cancellation	FY	Expired	4350 (see notes)	Indefinite (see notes)	2108	TC 31	Col. 4	Col. 5	6A	N/A	Use USSGL account 4391 to adjust the indefinite authority on FMS 2108, then, at the end of the 5 th expired year, use USSGL account 4350 to cancel. (Treasury will remove the "I" flag during the 5 expired years.)
3	Partial Cancellation ³	X-year	Unexpired	4350	Definite	Warrant	TC 31	n/a	Col. 5	6A	2398	- FACTS II excludes USSGL account 4350 for an X–year. - Requires new USSGL account 8101/8102.
4	Early Cancellation of the Entire Appropriation	X-year, FY ⁵	Unexpired/ Expired	4350	Definite	Warrant	TC 31	n/a	Col. 5	6A	2398 (unexpir ed only)	Must equal the warrant per the TFM Yearend Closing Bulletin. For 4 th quarter FACTS II reporting, notify BRD/Facts II Team if a TAFS has been canceled early.
5	Early Cancellation of the Entire Appropriation	X-year, FY ⁵	Unexpired/ Expired	4350	Indefinite	Warrant	TC 31	n/a	Col. 5	6A	2398 (unexpir ed only)	- Must equal the warrant per the TFM Yearend Closing Bulletin For 4 th quarter FACTS II reporting, notify BRD/Facts II Team if a TAFS has been canceled early.

¹ FY = Fiscal year (includes annual year and multiyear); X-year equals no-year. ² TCS = Treasury Combined Statement.

³ Partial cancellations are not common. The agency would need legislation or a letter stating the need and request for cancellation and must receive Treasury and OMB concurrence before requesting a warrant. Once processed, the funds are unavailable for restoration.

⁴ Early cancellations of entire appropriations are rare. Once processed, the funds are unavailable for restoration.
⁵ Early cancellations within fiscal year accounts are rare. In these situations, it is preferred that the TAFS remain on the books until the end of the 5th expired year.

Note: Situation Nos. 6-9 apply to <u>most</u> cancellations of trust and special fund resources where the fund balance is either returned to the originating unavailable receipt account or to the originating invested Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol (TAFS).

	Situation	Period of Availability	TAFS Status	USSGL Account	Definite/ Indefinite	Treasury Mechanism	STAR TC	FMS 2108 Column	TCS Column	SF 133 Line	P&F Line(s)	Notes
6	Trust and Special Funds - "Unavailable"	X-year, FY	Unexpired/ Expired	4355	n/a	Warrant	TC 30	n/a	Col. 5	6A	2398 (<u>unexpired</u> only), 2441	The TFM Yearend Closing Bulletin requires that the agency request a warrant.
7	Trust and Special Funds - "Available"	X-year, FY	Unexpired/ Expired	4350	n/a	2108	TC 31	Col. 4	Col. 5	6A	2398 (unexpired only), 2441	Very rare.
8	Available Trust or Special Funds with invested relationships	X-year, FY	Unexpired/ Expired	4356	n/a	SF 1151	n/a	n/a	n/a	6A	2398 (unexpired only), 2441	- For TAFS where the recipient must return fund balance back to the originating invested TAFS. - Treasury views as a return of fund balance rather than as a cancellation.
9	Available Trust or Special Funds with invested relationships that maintain receivables/payables	X-year, FY	Unexpired/ Expired	4357, 4123, 4124, 4384	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	Col. 11 (4357)	6A(4357)	2398 (<u>unexpired</u> only) and 2441 for 4257; Multiple for 4123, 4124, 4384	For TAFS where the recipient maintains a receivable/payable relationship with the invested account. Reverse the receivable.

Note: Situation Nos. 10-11 apply specifically to partial "adjustments" to indefinite accounts. These are treated as adjustments, not cancellations.

	Situation	Period of Availability	TAFS Status	USSGL Account	Definite/ Indefinite	Treasury Mechanism	STAR TC	FMS 2108 Column	TCS Column	SF 133 Line	P&F Line(s)	Notes
10	Partial "Adjustment"	X-year, FY	Unexpired	4119 (if warrant)	Indefinite	Warrant	TC 10	n/a	Col. 2	3A	Multiple	Because the action is to an indefinite account, Treasury views it as an adjustment rather than as a cancellation. For quarters 1-3, the action is usually a warrant.
11	Partial "Adjustment"	X-year, FY	Unexpired	4391 (if no warrant)	Indefinite	2108	TC 10	Col. 4	Col. 2	6D	Multiple	Because the action is to an indefinite account, Treasury views it as an adjustment rather than as a cancellation. For quarter 4, the action is usually via FMS 2108.

Proof Formula for Individual Line Items of Unexpended Balances for Appropriations and Funds

STEP I Treasury Trial Balance and Withdrawals/Cancellations (Columns 2 and 4)

COLUMN

- 2 Preclosing unexpended balance (+)
- 3 Applicable only for unfunded contract authority and borrowing

authority (+) or (-) (see subsections 4225.25 and 4225.30 of the chapter)

4 Unobligated and obligated balance withdrawn/canceled (-)

Equals:

- 5 Postclosing unexpended balance, or
- 6 Other authorization (+)

STEP II

Fund resources (columns 5 through 8)

COLUMN

- 5 Postclosing unexpended balance, or
- 6 Other authorizations (+)
- 7 Reimbursements earned (+)
- 8 Unfilled customer orders

Equals:

Fund equities (columns 9 through 11)

COLUMN

- 9 Undelivered orders (+)
- 10 Accounts payable and other liabilities (+)
- Unobligated balance (or excess of receivables over gross unpaid obligations)

Proof Formula for Individual Line Items for Indefinite and Definite Borrowing Authority

COLUMN	
2	Balance of borrowing authority at the beginning of the fiscal year (+)
3	Increases in borrowing authority (indefinite and definite) (+) or rescissions (definite) (-)
4	Borrowings (-)
5	Adustments (indefinite) (-)
Equals:	
6	Balance of borrowing authority, which is the amount equal to those unpaid obligations covered by borrowing authority at the end of the fiscal year (indefinite) or balance of unused borrowing authority provided by law at the end of the fiscal year (definite).
7-11	Columns 7 through 11, representing receivables, unpaid obligations, and the unobligated balance, are no longer shown separately against the authority account.

Proof Formula for Individual Line Items for Unfunded Contract Authority

COLUMN	
2	Balance of unfunded contract authority at the beginning of the fiscal year (+)
3	New contract authority (definite) or new obligations incurred covered by contract authority (indefinite) (+)
4	Appropriations to liquidate (-)
5	Writeoffs or adustments (-)
Equals:	
6	Balance of unfunded contract authority at the end of the fiscal year. The balance of definite authority represents the amount of authority outstanding for which appropriations have not been made. Indefinite authority represents the balance of unpaid obligation for which appropriations have not been made.
7-11	Columns 7 through 11, representing receivables, unpaid obligations, and the unobligated balance, are no longer shown separately against the authority account.

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SF 1080-EDP: Print Layout (SF 1080-EDP)

Print Format Requirements (SF 1080 and SF 1081)

SF 1081: Voucher and Schedule of Withdrawals and Credits

SF 1081-EDP: Print Layout (SF 1081-EDP)

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3100

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- 6. Listing of Subclasses and Titles
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Part 2 Volume I

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